State the domain, range and end behavior as $x \rightarrow \infty$ and $x \rightarrow-\infty$ of the following function. Answer each question.
1.


Is the function continuous? Why or why not? $\qquad$

Where is it not continuous? $\qquad$

$$
f(b)=
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \lim _{x \rightarrow b^{+}} f(x)= \\
& \text { (approach b from the right) }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow b^{-}} f(x)=
$$

$\lim _{x \rightarrow b} f(x)=$ $\qquad$
$\lim _{x \rightarrow-\infty} f(x)=\ldots \quad \lim _{x \rightarrow a} f(x)=$

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow c^{+}} f(x)=
$$

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow c^{-}} f(x)=
$$

$\qquad$

What conclusion can you draw about continuity? $\qquad$
Identify any vertical asymptotes, horizontal asymptotes, slant asymptotes, holes, $x$-intercepts and $\boldsymbol{y}$-intercepts. Then graph each function. Describe the end behavior of the function.
2. $f(x)=\left|2 \sin \left(x-\frac{\pi}{2}\right)\right|$
3. $f(x)=\frac{x^{2}+2 x-3}{2 x^{2}-12 x+10}$


4. $f(x)=\frac{x^{2}-x}{x+1}$
5. $f(x)=\left|2 x^{2}-10\right|$


6. What connection, if any, do you see between the end behavior of the function and the horizontal asymptote(s)?

Simplify each function. Then find the domain and equations of any asymptotes.
7. $f(x)=\frac{1+\frac{1}{x}}{1-\frac{1}{x}}$
8. $g(x)=\frac{\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{2 x+1}}{\frac{4 x}{2 x+1}}$

Graph the following functions for \# $9 \mathrm{\&} \mathbf{1 0}$. Create and label an appropriate scale.
9. $f(x)= \begin{cases}x^{2}-3 & \text { for } x<1 \\ 10-x & \text { for } 1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ 6 x-x^{2} & \text { for } x>2\end{cases}$


For \#11 \& 12, rationalize the following functions.

$$
\text { 11. } f(x)=\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}+1}
$$


12. $f(x)=\frac{3 \sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}}$

